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LIMA, OHIO, TUESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1904.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

KING PETER IS WILLING

To Quit Throne Business Because Public Sentiment Is Against Him.

Russia Has Forwarded Mandate, Which Says His Successor Must Agree to Punish Murderers of King and Queen.

Vienna, Jan. 19.—King Peter of Servia, according to reports from Cetinje, Montenegro, published by the Neues Weiner Journal, is prepared to voluntarily renounce the throne and show the powers to nominate his successor.

The Prince of Montenegro is said to have received a mandate from Russia to clear up the precarious situation in Servia and King Peter is alleged to have admitted the untenability of his position, and to be willing to abdicate. His successor, it is added, will only be permitted to ascend the throne conditional on his agreeing to punish the leaders of the conspira-

LUCKY WRECK ON PENNA. R. R.

Pittsburg Express From Buffalo Derailed at Prospect—Passengers Suffered From Cold.

Corry, Pa., Jan. 19.—The Pittsburg Express on the Penna. R. R., which left Buffalo last night, at 11 o'clock, was derailed at Prospect early today, the entire train leaving the rails. It is said no one was injured. The baggage car lies across the track and all traffic is blocked.

It was a bitter cold night, the thermometer registering 20 degrees below zero and the passengers who were tumbled out of the Pullman's in their night clothes suffered intensely from the cold.

PASSENGERS SAVED.

Bridgeport, Conn., Jan. 19.—The steamer John H. Starin, of the Starin Line, bound from New York to New Haven, with thirteen passengers and freight, ran into ice or some sunken obstruction while en route, at 6 o'clock this morning and sank into the mud flats after being towed into this harbor. Her passengers were taken off safely.

FORGER CAPTURED.

Utica, N. Y., Jan. 19.—A notorious forger, who escaped from the Hampden county, Mass., jail on Jan. 9th, has been arrested after a long chase through the Adirondack foot hills

GAVE

Up the Fortune Of Family

To Save That

Of London and Globe Corporation.

Whitaker Wright Relates the Story of His Life While in America.

On Witness Stand He Was Composed and Answered Questions Firmly—Lord Dufferin Refused to Retire.

London, Jan. 19.—The funeral of James L. Blair, former general counsel for the world's fair, who died last Saturday in Estes, Fla., was held today from the residence of his brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Graham. None but relatives and close friends of the family attended the services, which were conducted by Rev. Carroll M. Davis, dean of Christ Church Cathedral. Mr. Blair's remains were placed at rest beside those of his father, Gen. Frank P. Blair, in Beliefontaine cemetery.

BITTER FIGHT

FOR CHOICE OF

People for Governor and United States Senator Being Waged in Louisiana.

New Orleans, Jan. 19.—The first general primary ever held in Louisiana for the nomination of a full democratic state ticket and members of the legislature is in progress today throughout the state. The opposing candidates for governor are ex-Judge N. C. Blanchard, who represented Louisiana in congress for many years, and General Leon Jas. Trenaski, content to run under Mr. Cleveland. Senator Murphy J. Foster and former Senator Frank B. Jones are opposing each other for the nomination for United States senator. The campaign has been in progress since September and has been bitterly fought.

THEATRE FIRE.

New York, Jan. 19.—The People's Theatre on the Bowery and the two adjoining buildings were damaged to the extent of \$12,000 today by a fire which started in the stage loft. Theatre is given over to Yiddish players. A number of actors and stage hands were at rehearsal in the theatre when the fire started, but all escaped unharmed.

HELD MANY POSITIONS.

New York, Jan. 19.—Edmund S. Hartman, for many years a well-known physician of Pittsburgh, is dead at his home in East Orange, N. J., from pneumonia. He was born in Steubenville, Ohio, and was for many years surgeon of the Allegheny county workhouse, the Children's church home, the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and the Allegheny Valley Railroad.

NEARLY

DEEP CHANNEL FOR MISSISSIPPI

All Night Chicago Council

Wrangled Over

New Theatre Building Ordinance.

Passed Measure That Is More Stringent Than the One Recommended.

Tonight It Will Take Action on Re-opening of Play Houses—Talient Feature of New Ordinance as Enacted.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—After a lengthy discussion the New York Bowling Association has resolved that a committee of three shall be appointed to go to the American Bowling Congress, at Cleveland, with full power to become affiliated with that organization, if it meets all the requirements of the New York Association, such as the elimination of the loaded ball, "mushroom" clubs, and the appointment of an executive committee, the members of which shall not be identified with the trade.

The total cost of the project is estimated at \$15,000,000.

NEW YORK BOWLERS WANT TO AFFILIATE.

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ONE

Of America's Most Picturesque

Figures Has

Passed Away With the Death

Of George Francis Train, at Mill's Hotel in New York.

Reminiscences of His Career Summarized by Him, Form a Complete History of His Life—Extensive Traveler.

New York, Jan. 19.—George Francis Train, who died last night at Mill's Hotel No. 1, in Bleeker street, probably was one of the most picturesque figures in the history of America. Only a year ago, when he was then 74 years old, he dictated the reminiscences of his extraordinary career, and the result was published in book form.

Summarized in his own way, these contained the following information about his career: "Shipping clerk,

16; manager, 18; partner in Train & Co., 20; with an income of \$10,000.

"Established George Francis Train & Co., Melbourne, Australia, 1853;

agent, White Star Line, income \$90,000. Started forty clippers to California in 1859. Built railroad connecting Erie with Ohio and Mississippi.

Pioneered the first street railway in Europe, America, Australia and England. Built first Pacific railway 1862-1869 through Credit Mobilier. Owned 5,000 lots in Omaha, worth \$3,000,000. Been in fifteen jails without a crime."

Mr. Train's parents with several brothers and sisters, died at New Orleans from yellow fever, and his child

hood hope was on his grandmother's farm in Massachusetts. Not long af

ter entering the Boston shipping house, founded by his cousin, he went abroad, and from that time, he travel

ed all over the globe.

ALL RECORDS FOR COLD ARE BROKEN.

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 19.—Extreme cold weather prevails in Connecticut today, the temperature here equaling the lowest official record of a season, six degrees below zero, much lower thermometer readings were reported from inland points especially from places in Litchfield Hills, where thermometer readings were from 24 to 30 below.

BOSTON IS CHILLY.

Boston, January 19.—Railway travel

was again badly interfered with

today owing to the recurrence of extreme cold weather. The long distance trains for the most part were delayed. In northern New England during the night the mercury stood at 20 below and even lower at some points.

CONFERENCE OF SENATORS

Was Held to Discuss Plans for Getting Full Information of

Alleged Participation of U. S. Officials in the Isthmus Revolution—Republican Senators Are in Possession of the Facts.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 19.—A conference of the democratic senators to discuss the Panama situation, was held today at the committee room, of Senator Gorman. More than two hours were consumed in consideration of the various plans suggested of getting full information concerning the alleged participation by U. S. officials in the revolution on the Isthmus. Nearly every senator spoke, and it was the unanimous opinion that the republican senators are in possession of facts which have been withheld from the democrats. Despite this feeling it was agreed there is no way the canal treaty can be defeated in the senate. It was admitted that a number of democrats must vote for ratification of the convention as their geographical position and as the consequent commercial conditions demand it. The action of the republican members of the senate foreign relations committee in adopting the Lodge resolution to pass the treaty without delay was commended, and

several senators notably Morgan, Bailey and Pettus, predicted that if goaded by republican precipitancy, the democrats might yet become a unit in voting for rejection of the convention. Other senators agreed that this was impossible and after the meeting admitted that it is plainer than ever that the treaty will be ratified. No plan was adopted and another conference will be held at the call of Senator Gorman.

Referred to Committee.

Washington, Jan. 19.—The senate adopted without further debate, the motion to refer the resolutions for an investigation of the affairs of the post office department to the committee on postoffice.

Pure Food Bill.

Washington, Jan. 19.—When the house convened today, Mr. Hepburn, (Rep. Ia.) chairman of the committee on interstate and foreign commerce, asked unanimous consent for the consideration of the Pure Food Bill, but objection was made by Mr. Smith, (Dem., Ky.)

MODERN SURGERY CURES BROKEN NECK.

New York, Jan. 19.—Cured of a broken neck, James Dunn, aged 19 years, has been discharged from a hospital where he had spent five motionless months, rigid in a plaster cast and with heavy weights at his head and feet, which held his body immovable. The operation and cure have attracted great attention among surgeons. Dunn was injured by diving from a pier while bathing. Three vertebrae were crushed and chipped. He was kept alive with great difficulty during the operation. The splintered bone was removed and the fractures set. Then the whole of the upper body, neck and head were placed in a plaster cast.

Dunn was laid upon a table and heavy weights attached to his head and feet. He was told that to move meant death or permanent helplessness for him, and he became the most patient one imaginable. The bones knitted perfectly and when the cast was removed, the boy was found to be as sound as ever.

CHICAGO MANAGERS CAN SEE DISASTER.

Chicago, Ills., Jan. 19.—Chicago theatre managers take an extremely pessimistic view of the situation created by the action of the council which has finally adopted a stringent theatre law. The announcement was made today at nearly every play house that under the new rule there is no hope of continuing in business. Without the galleries, it is claimed no theatre in Chicago can do more than pay expenses.

SHOT WHILE MAKING DASH

For Liberty, and Died Today From Wounds—Fate of a Deserter.

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 19.—Commodore L. Warren, awaiting trial at Fort Wayne for desertion from Company G, First U. S. Infantry now stationed at the fort, died today from bullet wounds received yesterday while trying to escape. Warren and another prisoner named Richardson, also awaiting trial for desertion, dashed away from their guard yesterday afternoon while they were returning from doing fatigue duty. Guard Standford fired and brought down Warren, with two bullets in his back, but missed Richardson, who was captured by another member of the regiment as he was leaving the reservation.

MORE EXPENSE FOR BRITISH IN AFRICA.

Berlin, Jan. 19.—The bills authorizing supplementary credits of \$705,300 for German Southwest Africa, made necessary by the dispatch of reinforcement of troops to Southwest Africa, owing to the revolt of the Herero tribesmen, passed the first and second stage in the Reichstag today.

COLUMBUS CHIEF OF POLICE IS DEAD.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 19.—Chief of police Jno. A. Russel died today as the result of a stroke of apoplexy, suffered yesterday afternoon. Capt. J. W. O'Connor has been made acting chief.

WIDOW OF MILLIONAIRE TAKES FUNERAL NAME.

New York, Jan. 19.—Robert Graves and Mrs. Marguerite J. Plant, widow of Henry B. Plant, millionaire Southern Railway, steamship and land owner, have been married at the Plant residence in Fifth avenue. There were only about half a dozen witnesses, all relatives of the bride and groom.

HAVE SIGNED FOR TWENTY ROUND GO.

Chicago, Ills., Jan. 19.—Abe Attell and Harry Forbes have signed for a 20 round fight to settle their recent draw at Indianapolis. According to the last agreement and the men are to meet at 12 pounds, with the understanding that the winner lay claim to the legitimate feather weight championship. The time and place for holding the contest have not yet been decided upon.

MINE

Workers of America Listen

To An Address

By President Mitchell,
Which

Was Full of Cheer and
Chunks of Good
Sense.

In It He Urged Conservatism in All
Things if Miners Expect to
Retain Respect and
Win Victory.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 19.—The fifteenth annual convention of the United Mine Workers of America opened in Tomlinson hall yesterday. Approximately 1,000 delegates were present from various districts. Canada being also represented. The convention will continue for ten days and will be followed by the annual joint conference between the miners and operators of Illinois, Ohio, Indiana and Western Penna. At the conference, the wage scale for the ensuing year is fixed.

It involves 300 operators and 150,000 miners. Illinois with 350 has the largest single state representation. Early this morning there arrived the Michigan delegation, 100 strong, District No. 5 of Penna, 106 delegates headed by Patrick Dolan, the district president and District No. 1, with 150 headed by T. D. Nichols.

The convention was opened with an address of welcome to the delegates by Mayor Holtzman, which was briefly responded to by President Mitchell, who then announced the following on rules and order of business: G. W. Lackey, District No. 11; Edward Capill, District No. 12; Adam Roscavage, District No. 1.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 18.—In his annual report, President Mitchell urges that the convention be moderate in speech, in conversation and in action, adding: "We should keep in mind that the enemies of labor and the opponents of trade unionism, represented by the Manufacturers' Association and the Citizens' Industrial Alliance, are ever ready to make capital out of the smallest indiscretion, and to magnify out of all reasonable proportion the slightest mistake that trade unionists may make."

The report then outlines the situation in each district. Of the anthracite field he says: "It is a pleasure to report that since the close of the anthracite strike the relations of operators and miners have grown steadily more cordial. With very few exceptions the award of the commission has been rightly observed and an era of comparative peace and contentment has reigned in that territory."

Of Central Penna., the report says: "During the month of March, the miners and operators of the central district of Pennsylvania report approximately forty thousand men met in joint conference in the city of Altoona and consummated an agreement which secured to our members a substantial increase in wages, and for the first time in the history of that field, established the eight hour work day. The importance of this achievement cannot be over estimated."

Mr. Mitchell refers to the extension of the conference method of adjusting wage differences into West Virginia, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, and Indian Territory, which, he says, promises a long period of industrial peace to miners and operators. The Alabama settlement by the board of arbitration is mentioned, and summing up the general situation he says: "In all other districts in which mining prices have heretofore been regulated by agreement, increased wages were secured and other concessions obtained and while in many instances wages have not advanced in proportion to

After Dinner

To assist digestion, relieve distress.
After eating or drinking too heartily,
to prevent constipation, take

Hood's Pills

Sold everywhere. 25 cents.

the increases secured in the central competitive coal fields, on the whole we have every reason to feel fairly well satisfied with the gains during the year 1903."

The extension of reorganization in Canada, Montana and Washington is mentioned. Taking the capitulation tax received during December of each year as a basis of computation the report says that the organization has increased in membership from 91,000 in 1899 to 287,545 in 1903, which does not include members idle or on strike. During the past year, there was a net gain of 366 unions, making a total of 432 unions in twenty-three districts.

"It" says Mr. Mitchell, "every local union would report in its full membership there would not be less than 140,000 members."

The report recommends that the construction committee investigate the advisability of discontinuing the present method of collecting dues and adopting the stamp system.

On the Colorado strike Mr. Mitchell says: "The strike in district 15, has been, and is a source of heavy expense to our organization, but our people are standing firm, and much as we desire an amicable and honorable settlement, the uncompromising attitude of the companies leaves us no choice but to continue the contest until fair terms of settlement are reached at our people go down in defeat."

The report refers to the causes for the Meyersdale and West Virginia strikes and says: "The result is that approximately 5,000 men are idle in these two districts and there appears to be no immediate prospect of settlement in district 19, Tennessee and Southern Kentucky, a number of strikes were forced upon us and some of them are still in progress. All of these strikes have been supported by the national organization, and a large sum of money has been expended in their prosecution."

President Mitchell insists upon the universal adoption of a uniform basis.

This report said: "I would advise that the demands of previous conventions be repeated and that the scale committee be instructed to make an effort to urge the Interstate agreement formulated upon a run of mine basis."

The increase in machine mining is shown to have been from 14 per cent of the total production in 1896 to 26 per cent in 1902, the report claiming that in districts in which the differential is widest, machine mining has increased proportionately.

He suggests that not more than two delegates be sent to the international mining congress at Paris, May 23, and urges support of union label and recommends that each local delegate vote minutes of each meeting to a discussion of the question of union made goods. Vigorous support of the anti-injunction bill and the eight hour bill now in congress is urged, and of federal injunctions, he says: "The evils which have grown from the indiscriminate issuance of federal injunctions to deprive us of right of trial by jury, are so well known to the trade unionists of our country as to require no elaboration in this report."

President Mitchell voices his earnest support of legislation prohibiting boys under sixteen from being allowed to work in the mines and asks the convention to endorse it. Feeling reference to the death of Henry D. Lloyd is made and in closing congratulatory reference is made to the cordial business relationship that has existed between our organization and the operators in all states and districts and in which wages are made by arbitration."

Brutally Tortured.
A case seems to light that for persistent and unmerciful torture has perhaps never been equalled. Joe Golobich of Colusa, California, writes: "For 15 years I endured insufferable pain from rheumatism and nothing relieved me though I tried everything known. I came across Electric Bitters, and it's the greatest medicine on earth for that trouble. A few bottles of it completely relieved and cured me." Just as good for liver and kidney troubles and general debility. Only 50¢. Satisfaction guaranteed by H. F. Vortkamp, corner North and Main streets.

GIVEN MORE TIME.
Washington, Jan. 19.—In the case of the state of Minnesota vs. the Northern Securities Co., the court today issued an order granting twenty days to counsel for the filing of additional briefs covering the questions of the jurisdiction of the federal circuit court in the matter of the removal of the case.

Night Was Her Terror.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs. Chas. Applegate of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block, I would cough frantically and spit blood, but when all other medicines failed, three \$1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 58 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure Coughs, Cold, La Grippe, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung troubles. Price 50¢ and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at H. F. Vortkamp's, corner North and Main streets.

Tough Cases Cost More.

"Salvation seems to be mighty costly to some, while it's free to others," growled the man who was asked to contribute to the church.

"Of course," replied the deacon. "It's a bigger job to save some people than it is to save others."—Chicago Post.

Sighs.

Irene Watchman—Look a-here! Don't you see that sign? It's big enough and black enough! It says, "No Smoking."

Agreeable Trespasser—I know it does my friend, but, really, you must not believe in signs. Don't you see that I am smoking nevertheless?—Cincinnati Times-Star.

A fool flatters himself; the wise man flatters the fool.—Bulwer.

CASTORIA.

Bear the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

ENGLISH AS SPOKEN.

It Is In Scotland, Says a Critic. That It Is Heard at Its Best.

The query "Where is the prettiest English spoken?" is answered by a writer in the London News, and, strange to say, it is not in England, if the writer be accepted as an authority—the critic.

It was the opinion of Sir Morell Macaulay that those who should speak English most fluently were the inhabitants of Huddersfield, Inverness-shire, Scotland. They had the reputation for centuries of being perfect speakers of English; but, the writer says, he must now go to the glens branching northward from the Caledonian canal to find the language spoken in its purity.

"In the beautiful glen of Moriston in particular one has noted the most exquisitely speech it seems possible to imagine. There is an almost total absence of dialect and vocal disfigurements, though a quaint, delicately marked rise and fall of the voice are very faintly noticeable. The language used is extraordinarily pure and free from alien words, which is attributable to the fact that the people acquire their English direct from books and that so far dialect contaminations have not penetrated the glen."

The writer has a good word to say of Celtic pronunciation of English generally: "The charm of Irish English is undeniable. It has a softness that appeals irresistibly to the ear, but unfortunately it is linked with a certain element of dialect which just places it below perfection."

Pocket Furnaces.

Curious hand furnaces are used in China during the winter months, chiefly in the north, when the fire, in place of being in the house, as we have it, is carried about the person beneath the thickly padded cotton garments or in the hand. At times it is placed beneath the chair on which one is seated. This contrivance, resembling the charcoal pans formerly used before the days of the pit coal by the Hartfords, straw plaiters, was first introduced to our notice when resting at a village in the Fukien province, which before we had investigated the cause, we noted as a place remarkable for the deformity of its inhabitants, old men and women with strange swellings projecting in the most unaccountable places. Our speculations were, however, speedily set at rest and the matter satisfactorily explained by an old gentleman, who removed his garment and disclosed a small copper furnace secured round his waist with a band and neatly covered with basket work.

This artificial mode of heating the body is only resorted to in time of extreme cold, as on ordinary occasions the people deem their thick clothing a sufficient protection during winter.—Golden Penny.

A Quaint People.

The heart of Brittany never changes, but its face is rapidly losing many of its prominent characteristics with the leveling influence of the French republic. It is only far out of the beaten track, now, or on special occasions, like fêtes, that you see universally the costumes and customs of the old Armorican peninsula. Only an hour's journey from Quimper, the modernized chief town of Finistère, and you are among the Bigoudines, a people whose dress suggests the Eskimos and Chinese, whose faces are strongly Mongolian in type and who in language, customs and beliefs seem to have no relation with the rest of France. More and more the picturesque problem they present is coming to attract attention. Artists, students and tourists alike are fascinated by it.—André Saglio in Century.

A Stickler For Rank.

It is not in this country alone that the notion of equality prevails. The London Figaro reports the following instance:

As a magnificent steamer, the property of the Peninsular and Oriental company, was steaming into Southampton harbor a grimy coal lighter floated immediately in front of it. An officer on board the steamer, seeing this, shouted: "Clear out of the way with that barge!"

The lighter man, a native of the Emerald Isle, shouted in reply, "Are ye the captain of that vessel?"

"No," answered the officer.

"Then spoke to ye equals," said the lighter man. "I'm the captain of this."

A Philosopher.

The old man was sitting on the roof gazing placidly across the rushing waters.

"Washed all your fowls away?" asked the man in the boat.

"Yes, but the ducks swam," smiled the old man.

"Tore up your plum trees?"

"Don't mind it much. They said the crop would be a failure."

"But the flood! It is up to your windows!"

"Well, them windows needed washing anyway, my friend."

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A case seems to light that for persistent and unmerciful torture has perhaps never been equalled. Joe Golobich of Colusa, California, writes:

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COST OF HONEYMOONS.

HOW THOSE SPENT IN WASHINGTON MAY VARY IN EXPENSE.

BRIDESROOMS, as a Rule, Are Regardless of the Price of Things on Bridal Tours—How \$300 a Day Was Spent in a Hotel in the Capital.

Why is it that so many bridal couples come to Washington to spend their honeymoons? Perhaps the question cannot be satisfactorily answered, but the fact remains that the capital is a great Mecca for the newly wedded. Some people say that it is because Washington is restful and that at this time in their lives men and women do not care for bustle. They want to be able to devote some thought to each other without fear of personal accident. Whatever the reason, the fact remains that the annual influx of brides and grooms amounts to at least 20,000 persons.

The manager of one of the hotels of the city was asked in regard to the expenses of a honeymoon.

"Is a honeymoon in Washington too expensive for a man with a moderate salary?" the reporter asked. "You can be reduced to an economical basis without displaying the limitations of the bridegroom's purse should he happen to be of the less wealthy class?"

"That question need not be vexed one," replied the affable manager. "A honeymoon in Washington can be as costly as the purse can buy or it can be spent on an amazingly small amount, if you will, of course, consider the luxury afforded by our modern hotels.

"At this moment I have in mind a man from Chicago who brought his bride here on their wedding trip. Their living expenses amounted to something like \$300 a day, that amount being spent in the hotel. But, then," the manager added, "this man had an almost unquenchable thirst for rare old wines and things in season and out of season. But there is just one thing I wish to say in connection with the American bridegroom. I cannot recall one instance where the quality does not hold good, be he a man of wealth or one of modest income. He never questions the price of things. This even proves true, concerning the engagement of our apartments. He spends his money generously and with out consultation."

"An effeminate man was once called 'Vioh' by one of the boys in the office, and now we know him by nothing else. Another one of the boys in the office is always called 'Chesty,' and, though he is always angry at first, he has cheerfully accepted the new name.

"Our bookkeeper is always putting in his car when it is not at all necessary, and I think now he will be known until the end of time as 'General Butts.' A friend of mine who is always called 'Cheerful' does not know whether he is called that because his friends believe he has a cheerful disposition or because they consider him a cheerful idiot. But, at any rate, he can't shake the name."

"At this juncture the manager reached and threw open the door of the state bridal suit, displaying a veritable glimpse of fairyland. This chamber is the most expensive room in the hotel. Its size does not differ materially from the less elegantly furnished rooms, but in magnificence it rivals the most gorgeous bedchambers of European palaces. One speedily realizes that to comprehend its beauty color temperature becomes a necessity.

Investigation reveals walls of plain moiré damask, the color of which deepens from the faintest shade of shell pink to the rich blush of the rose. This effect is continued in the less rich hangings and draperies of the same tints, while the carpet reflects the same lines, which become lightened by windows covered with rare old lace. The furniture is of Louis XIV. period, the color scheme is carried out in the upholsterings of figured damask in dainty floral designs and scroll effects, while the four poster bedstead, with its canopy, is said to be an exact copy of the original at Cluny, the cost of the bed alone being enormous.

Beaconsfield hedged. "Model yourself after your father," he said to the lad. "This was not altogether satisfactory, and the M. P. insisted upon a definite rule of conduct.

"Well, my boy," said Beaconsfield, "be amusing. Never tell unkind stories above all, never tell long ones."

A Large Fish.

An Englishman visiting Lake Tahoe asked a native if there was any good fishing in the lake.

"Oh, yes, stranger."

"What kind of fish do you catch here?"

"Oh, all kinds, stranger."

"What's the weight of the largest fish you ever caught?"

"Waa, stranger, we don't take weighing machines when we goes fishing, and I am an honest man and wouldn't like to say how much that last trout I caught would weigh. But I tell you, stranger, that when I pulled that fish out of the water the lake went down a foot."—Birmingham Post.

Pessimistic View.

"Sentimental Wife (rending from a novel)—"And, clasping the beautiful girl to his heart, the hero pressed his burning lips to her snowy brow."

"Practical Husband—Yes, and I'll bet a dollar to a doughnut he'll be down with

TWO

Sled Loads of Rebekahs From South Lima
Take a Pleasant Trip to the Country.



Gossip Among the Boys in Blue At the Armory Lately.

Surprise Given Mrs. B. H. Sandell—Other Jolly Events—Personal and Local Briefs of Interest.

This morning about forty-one Rebekahs, congregated at the Cramer drug store, to await the arrival of two sleds, which were to convey them to the Lake. Edmonson home near Allentown, for an all-day social. The boys finally arrived and after all were ready, started north on Main, but when Circular street was reached (a whole square from the starting point) they were delayed, the foremost sled load having collided with one of those new street cars. No one was hurt, but the car is minus a side rod. Everybody seemed happy as they drove through town, each suggesting some form of amusement for the day.

Surprise Party.

Several neighbors and friends of Mrs. B. H. Sandell, of St. John's avenue, called at her home Saturday evening and gave her a pleasant surprise in honor of her 25th birthday anniversary. Games and a delightful lunch were enjoyed by Mr. and Mrs. Frye, Mr. and Mrs. Bowers, Mr. and Mrs. Winegardner, Mr. and Mrs. Trimmer, Mr. and Mrs. Schrider, Mr. and Mrs. Ewing and Mr. and Mrs. Kniff.

Better Opportunity.

Last evening the city council extended the time for the completion of the Lima-Pt. Wayne electric road to May 1, 1904. Remember, the officials are favorable to locating their shops in this city, so you will have to hustle on the north side will get them, it means another industry, more people and more money.

Society Will Dance.

The Discord club will enjoy a social dance at the Armory tomorrow evening, invitations having been sent to a large number. Music will be furnished by the Rothlesberger orchestra.

Had to Be Identified.

Charles Peltier, the popular L. E. & W. engineer, this morning, had his mustache removed and was looking for a perfumeman to help convince his wife that he was "Charlie." And this is pay-day on the road to.

Armory Gossip.

Of the Harrod boys: Leslie is still in the Philippines, having re-enlisted, while Roy is in San Francisco, working, and will soon be married to a California belle.

Guy Chaffin, "the Person," as the boys used to call him, is also in San Francisco; married and settled down. It was reported that he had lost his eyesight, but a letter from him denies the report. He is doing well and saving money.

The Ohio National Guard has a new commander-in-chief since last Monday week, when Governor Nash surrendered his commission to Col. M. T. Merrick.

Lieut. General M. S. B. Young has been retired on account of the age limit. His successor is Major General A. R. Chaffee, at one time a commander of the second division of the first army corps, to which the second O. V. I. was a part.

General Bates, who commanded the

A prominent Southern lady, Mrs. Blanchard, of Nashville, Tenn., tells how she was cured of backache, dizziness, painful and irregular periods by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Gratitude compels me to acknowledge the great merit of your Vegetable Compound. I have suffered for four years with irregular and painful menstruation, also dizziness, pains in the back and lower limbs, and fitful sleep. I dreaded the time to come which would only mean suffering to me.

"Better health is all I wanted, and here, if possible, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound brought me health and happiness in a few short months. I feel like another person now. My aches and pains have left me. Life seems new and sweet to me, and everything seems pleasant and easy."

"Six bottles brought me health, and was worth more than months under the doctor's care, which really did not benefit me at all. I am satisfied there is no medicine so good for sick women as your Vegetable Compound, and I advocate it to my lady friends in need of medical help." Miss B. A. Blanchard, 122 Broad St., Nashville, Tenn.—\$5.00 for six if original price less after proofing.

Second division of the Ind O. V. I. at Macon, Ga., in '98-'99, is now major general.

The boys seem to be well pleased with the new appointments, especially that of Major Cunningham, of Fostoria, and Lieut. Harry L. Moulton, of this city.

Co. F. of Spencerville, and Co. M. of Ottawa, were the only companies of the 2nd regiment which took part in the inauguration parade, although the Ohio National Guard was well represented.

Colonel Bryant is certainly trying to have a full and well equipped regiment, as each company has new Krag guns and will soon have new uniforms. There have been two additions made—the Bicentennial Rifles, and a company at Hicksville—and Lieut. E. K. Campbell is forming a company at Beloitfontaine, and a new company at Van Wert is almost ready to be mustered in. This speaks well for the 2nd regiment.

Major Kirtzfield, of the 8th infantry, has been appointed adjutant general, and the boys speak highly of Major Haunman, of Bellefontaine, as assistant. Kaptzman was in command of the first battalion of the 2nd in the Spanish American war, and was well liked.

Unwelcome Guests. At the home of Mrs. Virgil De Grief, on south West street, last evening, burglars tried to gain an entrance through a rear door. Mrs. De Grief made a hasty search for a revolver, but had forgotten where it had been placed, so she telephoned the police. This did not suit the unbidden guests, so they took a sneak. A good description of the fellows was obtained, however.

Another Kind of Surprise. James Hall, of south Pine street, was 24 years old yesterday, and because of shots thrown at him during the day, expected company when he arrived home from work, but was surprised to find he had been fooled. He will get even, however, by trying to raise a mouse-trap.

Personal Mention. Henry Mack and wife, of Spencerville, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Brodbeck, last night.

A jolly crowd of sleighriders went

to the Cyrus Hover home, west of the city, last evening, and very pleasantly spent a couple of hours.

Joseph Gording and family, of Second street, entertained his brother, John Gording, of Ottawa, Sunday.

Mrs. E. P. Hopkins of Elsie, Mich., is a guest of her sister, Miss Nellie Payne, of the La Belle Sanatorium.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Gilroy, of Hendon street, are happy over the arrival of a big baby girl.

Tomorrow, the Ladies Aid Society of Grace church will meet with Mrs. L. Crinerine, on south Elizabeth street.

Miss Grace Johnson, of St. Johns avenue, is visiting friends at Decatur, Ind.

A guest of Rev. Hagerman yesterday, was the Rev. Shoemaker, of Barrood.

"Uncle Josh" Williams, on south Main street, is much improved from an attack of sciatic rheumatism.

Rev. Bowdrie was home yesterday from Jackson Center, where he was engaged in evangelical work.

Charles Burlingham, a shooter for the Producers' Explosive Co., was taken to the La Belle Sanatorium yesterday. His ailment is inflammatory rheumatism.

Thomas Belle, of Greenlawn avenue, is convalescing from serious illness.

Mr. and Mrs. George Tracewell, of south Central avenue, entertained Mr. and Mrs. Steve Pickering, of near Waynesfield, yesterday.

Miss Grace Cook, of St. John's avenue, visited at Moulton, Sunday.

Rev. Rupert, of the St. John's church, was a business caller at Leipzig yesterday.

There will be an illustrated lecture and missionary meeting at the south side Baptist church tomorrow evening.

A Lost Opportunity. "This," said the genie, "is a magic ring. Rub it and you can have anything you want."

"Do tell!" said the merchant. "I think I'll rub it and wish to have a lot of rings. Then I'll start a jewelry store and I'll get all sorts of prizes for my goods because anybody who buys will be able to rub a ring and get his money back."

"All right," said the genie. "It's up to you."

And he vanished.

About six months later the genie called around again. The merchant had opened a magnificent store, which was filled with blings. But there were no customers in sight.

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On the Spanish Main.

"I yield," said the pirate suddenly. "Tis well," said the leader of the mutineers, with a diabolical leer seldom found outside of dime novels.

"And may I ask what is the cause of this outbreak?"

"Why, we have organized a union and have made up our minds not to accept less than twice the prevailing rate of wages. I will steer for the nearest port and put the ship in charge of the walking delegate of Pirates' Union No. 48.—Puck.

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KODOL DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT.

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THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT

PUBLISHED BY
THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT
PUBLISHING COMPANY,
129 West High Street

THE ONLY NEWSPAPER IN LIMA
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is issued Tuesday and Friday, will be
mailed to any address at the rate of 31
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Lima.

There is a semi-monthly eight page
paper, the largest and best newspaper
in Allen county.

When sending The Times-Democrat do
not write to the home, may secure the
name by postal card address or by order
through telephone No. 84.

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Daily edition, one year.....\$5.00
Daily edition, six months.....\$2.50
Daily edition, three months.....\$1.25
Daily edition, one week.....\$1.00
Semi-Weekly edition, one year.....\$1.00

Official Paper of the City of Lima and
County of Allen.

Any subscriber ordering the address of
the paper changed must always give the
former as well as present address.

When delivery is irregular please make
immediate complaint at the office.
All business, news, letters or telegraph
messages must be addressed.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT,
Lima, Ohio.

WEATHER.

Washington, Jan. 19.—For Ohio:
Fair and warmer tonight; Wednesday,
fair except snow along the lakes;
trose south to southeast winds.

This state will have to be redistricted,
if every republican wanting to be
elected to congress, is to have his am-
bitious satisfied.

Congressmen Garber has been given
an additional honor in an appoint-
ment to membership on the committee
on revision of laws.

ATCHISON GLOBE SIGHTS.

When a German swears, he has to
take a mile to do it.

Take the devil out of some families
and there is nothing left.

Some people are nice only to those
they don't know very well.

You know more, as you grow older,
but that which you know is less im-
portant.

When a woman jumps a man, she never
lets up.

You don't know what meanness is
until you are familiar with theatrical
people.

The easiest way to get along with
some people is to let them think they
are right.

The greatest blessing a married woman
with children can ask, is an old
maiden sister.

What has become of the old fashion-
ed school girl who wrote an essay
on "The Horrors of War?"

People who are trying to succeed,
are so much more agreeable than
those who have succeeded.

A great many people speak of
wanting to do what's right," as if
they have a monopoly of the desire.

Civilization is making such rapid
strides that some day we will hear of
a missionary getting cooked in a chaf-
ing dish.

When the two engaged in a friend-
ship are kept hard at work, it may
last ten years, but if they are idle, the
friendship will not survive the tenth
week.

When the average mother goes to
visit her daughter, she takes a lot of
homemade cooking, and when her
visit is returned, her daughter brings
the children to be taken care of.

It is all right to talk about the up-
lifting of the soul, and all that, but
the truth is that your Sunday Jim de-
pends largely upon your Little Mary.

Your Little Mary is your stomach.

Noting but death will take the con-
cierge out of some people. Many a man
misses success in life because he is
blindly conceited, and believes things
about himself that others know to be
absurd.

We are so lacking in progression
that we are tired of hearing of radium,
and do not see wherein its value lies. So far as we are personally con-
cerned, we feel that dynamite moves
rapidly enough, and that kerosene
can't be complained of.

Included in the wedding outfit of a
prospective bride is a white silk
opera cloak, though the town in
which she will live is on the kerosein
circuit, and hasn't a "show" offener
than once a month. However, it will
make over nicely into a cloak for a
baby.

You are all familiar with the man-
ner in which the men bow to the ladies,
and take off their hats; the hats do not come off soon enough.
This morning, Ab. Harvey met Mrs.
Lyndsay John Appleton in front of
Newcomb's, and bowed, but didn't get
his hat off until he reached Donald's.

A girl signing herself, "Elaine,"
writes as follows: "For 15 years I
have done my duty by my friends.
When engagements were announced,
I got up hose and handkerchief show-
ers, decorated for the wedding, and
gave more costly presents than I
could afford. When their babies came,

SENATOR GODFREY MAY

Make a Report By
Introduces a Bill to Rearrange Local Grand Jury
Judicial Sub-Districts.

Cuts Van Wert and Shelby Counties Out of the
Sub-Division That Allen County is Now
In--Allen and Auglaize Form
First District.

TRIAL

Of Machen Case In-
terrupted.

An Inspector

Charged With Talking
to Witnesses.

Defense Objected to Alleged
Tactics of Inspector
Kayer.

Letters Purporting to Have Been
Signed by J. Machen Ruled
Out of the Case by Justice
Pritchard.

Advocates Austin's Bill.

Washington, Jan. 19.—John F.
Clark, a letter carrier, today continued
his testimony in the postal trial.
He related how, in 1895, he had been
directed to report that Mr. Machen,
superintendent of the free delivery,
who ordered him to go to Baltimore,
to explain the working of the Groff
fastener. Later, he said, he had been
ordered to perform similar work in
New York, Jersey City, Buffalo, To-
ledo, St. Louis and Richmond, Va.

A number of letters purporting to
be signed by Machen and addressed to
the witness authorizing certain
persons to pay him for repairing,
painting, and erecting letter boxes and
attaching Groff fasteners, were intro-
duced." Mr. Kumler boldly replied. Jus-
tice Pritchard as to their admissibility. The
witness could not identify the signature
to the letters, remarking that at
least of two of them, there was a
vast difference in the signature. Justice
Pritchard ruled that the letter
could be admitted.

On cross-examination by Mr. Doug-
las, witness said he had been reinstated
as a letter carrier by Machen
sometime before the Groff fastener
was introduced into the service. He
declared that he regarded his trips
to the various cities as perfectly ne-
cessary for the proper installation of
the boxes with the Groff fastener.

There was nothing unusual, suspicious
or irregular, he said, about his work.
Before the next witness was called,
Mr. Kumler for the defense made the
charge that Postoffice Inspector Kayer
was in the habit of leaving the
court room and talking with the wit-
ness. He said that complaint had
been made about the matter and he
wanted it stopped. Justice Pritchard
said that he would not tolerate it for
a minute. The district attorney dis-
claimed any knowledge of it, where-
upon Justice Pritchard remarked that
if it occurred again, he would
ask for an affidavit and take proper
action in the matter.

District Attorney Beach demanded
that Mr. Kumler make good his
charge or retract it. "I will not re-
tract," Mr. Kumler boldly replied. Just-
ice Pritchard stopped the discussion
by saying he had already announced
what he would do if the offense was
repeated.

N. F. Longhlin, sales agent of the
Washington Malleable Iron Works,
Wilmington, Del., testified to the fact
of his firm having made some fasten-
ers for Diller H. Groff. The price
charged them, was 25 cents for a com-
plete slide and 12½ cents for a half
slide.

Toledo Grain.

Toledo, O., Jan. 19.—Wheat, cash
92½; May 91½; July 86 5-8.

Corn, cash, 46½; May 60 1-8; July
49½.

Oats, cash 41 1-4; May 42; July 38.

Seed, Jan. 63½; Feb. 63½; Mar.
63½.

HAS GONE EAST.

Mr. H. B. Hall, of the new shoe firm
of Grosjean & Hall, left last night on
a trip to the shoe markets to complete
his purchases for their new store.

Get a Tip.

Ted—What makes you think old
Rockey doesn't intend to let you mar-
ry his daughter?

Ned—The tip he gave me on the
stock market was a loser.—Town
Topics.

Columbus, O., Jan. 19.—Senator God-
frey introduced a bill this morning
providing for a rearrangement of the
sub-divisions of the third judicial dis-
trict to place Allen, Auglaize coun-
ties in the first; Putnam and Henry
in the second, and Defiance, Fulton
and Paulding, Van Wert and Wil-
liams counties in the third divisions.

The bill provides for an increase of
the judges from five to seven, and will
make the third division republican
giving the republicans, two additional
judges.

Austin of Lucas County.

Columbus, O., Jan. 19.—Senator
Austin of Lucas, will introduce two
bills amending the statutes governing
the conduct of the Boy's Industrial
School, at Lancaster. One provides
that upon recommendation of the
superintendent, trustees may trans-
fer any boy over 16 years of age to the
state reformatory at Mansfield, the
other provides that upon similar re-
commendation, the board may parole
any inmate of the institution.

The O. S. U. Debt.

Columbus, O., Jan. 19.—The daily
and food department has prepared a
bill that will delegate to department
inspectors the same authority in mak-
ing examinations of factories and
wholesale houses as are now enjoyed
by the commissioners and further em-
power the commissioner to issue bul-
letins periodically, fully outlining the
result of experiments made in any
line under his department. These are
meant for the instruction of retail
merchants.

Advocates Austin's Bill.

Columbus, O., Jan. 19.—Through its
special report, Mrs. C. E. James, of
Cincinnati, the Ohio Congress of
Mothers will advocate the passage of
a bill along the lines of that recently
introduced by Senator Austin, pro-
viding for delegating to common pleas
court and probate judges the power
to pass upon juvenile offenses. This
plan is to make universal extension
of the juvenile court plan and to pro-

vide for the appointment of necessary
probation officers.

Quail Protection.

Columbus, O., Jan. 19.—Senator
Berry is preparing a bill providing for
the protection of quail and squirrels
for a period of five years, and remov-
ing all protection from rabbits.

Affecting Corporations.

Columbus, O., Jan. 19.—Senator
Judson, will introduce a bill shortly
making it possible for corporations in-
corporated under special act of the
legislature prior to 1859, to change
their names. Another bill by Judson
will permit Ohio insurance companies
doing business in other states to re-
laxure with companies independent of
those doing business in Ohio.

To Prevent Adulteration.

Columbus, O., Jan. 19.—Senator
Dunlap will introduce a bill prohibiting
milling companies from adulterating
food stuffs. The bill is aimed in
the preserving process of grinding
corn cobs with corn.

The O. S. U. Debt.

Columbus, O., Jan. 19.—An effort
will be made by the board of trustees
of the Ohio State University to secure
an appropriation to allow the wiping
out of the institution's indebtedness,
aggregating something more than
\$200,000. On this amount, accumulated
through over rating estimates
upon the various buildings, the university
board is now compelled to pay interest
annually from their appropriations,
and they will urge that with
\$3,000,000 in the treasury, the state
can better afford to pay the indebted-
ness than the interest.

To Amend Lien Law.

Columbus, O., Jan. 19.—Amendments
to the mechanic's lien law will be
proposed by Representative Tread-
way, of Cuyahoga, making the wage
claim of employees of contractors do-
ing city work a lien upon the money
due such contractors in city possession
and by Senator Henry, of Van
Wert, making bills for coal furnished
oil driller's a lien upon leases.

Sale Ordered.

The report of the commissioners in
the partition suit of Geo. vs. Job Boon,
was confirmed this morning, and an
order of sale issued. The property
consists of 160 acres in Richland
township, which has a number of oil
wells on it, and is appraised at \$13,-
600.

Attorneys From Out of Town.

Hon. Benjamin Meek, of Upper
Sandusky, ex-prosecuting attorney,
was in Lima on legal business today,
representing the plaintiff in the par-
tition suit of Geo. vs. Job Boon.

Harry Conn, prosecuting attorney
of Van Wert county was a "patron"
at the Allen county bar of justice to-
day.

Motions and Orders.

In the calling of the docket, the fol-
lowing entries were made in cases
that are pending:

Morris A. Daniels vs. Lewis S. Justice,
motion for new trial overruled,
judgment on verdict.

Daniel L. Herbert vs. The L. E. &
W. Ry. Co., leave to file amended
petition by Monday of the third week.

Clinton Stubbs vs. The C. & E. Ry.
Co., leave to answer by Monday of sec-
ond week.

Ezra Place vs. W. A. Deuty, leave to
reply by Monday of third week.

J. W. Griffin vs. Imon Petroleum Co.,
settled and dismissed.

Frank Sticker vs. Western Ohio
Co., defendant has leave to plead
by Monday of third week.

John F. Bird vs. Geo. J. Rathbone,
dismissed without record at plaintiff's
cost.

Frank Irich vs. Emma Leo, dismissed
without record at plaintiff's costs.

Elizabeth Thedieck vs. Frank The-
dieck, dismissed for want of prosecu-
tion.

John D. Conrath vs. Cleveland &
Trenton Rock Oil Co., leave to file
answer and cross petition of Weil
and Producers Explosive Co. J. C.
Keller, W. J. Taylor, Bessemer Gas
Engine Co., and National Supply Co.,
settled and dismissed.

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Keller, W.

MORE

Time Given for Construction
Of the Tracks

For the Lima-Ft. Wayne Traction Line.

Finance Committee Advises Against Increasing Police Force.

Ordinance to Regulate the Measuring of Wood and the Weighing of Hay by Market Master Ordered.

The city council met in regular session last night and in the absence of President Newsom, Vice President Dr. Hawser occupied the chair. All members were present except Mr. Rudy. Minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

An ordinance submitted to Mr. Fletcher to establish city scales at the market place, and to regulate the measuring of stove-wood, cornfodder, etc., was given its first reading.

Mr. Smith said the consumers of coal should also be protected, and moved to refer the ordinance to the finance committee, solicitor and market master with instructions to prepare a clause regulating the weights of coal. His motion was carried.

Report of engineer relative to petition for grading Collett street, from Elm street to the Spencerville road, was referred to city solicitor, who was requested to give an opinion as to whether or not the cost for the improvement in front of properties that are not represented on the petition may be assessed against other properties.

Report of solicitor relative to the matter of the removal of the coach department of the L. E. & W. shops was received and filed. The full text of this report will be found in another column of this issue.

The finance committee submitted a report recommending the adoption of the park proposition as agreed upon by the committee, the board of public service and officers of the Lima Park & Improvement Co. The report was adopted.

The finance committee reported against the proposition to increase the police fund appropriation for the purpose of placing one additional man on the force. The committee's report was adopted and the proposition rejected.

Motion to instruct the clerk, solicitor, the chief, city engineer, mayor and a committee of three members of the council to fully investigate the matter of an ordinance making certain restrictions for protection from fire, was carried.

The Lima Electric Railway & Light Co. and the Lima-Ft. Wayne Traction Co. were granted an extension to May 1st, for the completion of the track construction on Grand avenue.

LADIES DAY AT THE BRUNSWICK BOWLING ALLEYS, THURSDAY AFTERNOON FROM 1 TO 5 P.M.

STATE

Inspector of Buildings Arrives in the City.

Has Inspected a Number of Buildings and Will Require Some Changes Made.

State Inspector of Buildings John P. Bly, is in the city in response to a call from the Board of Public Safety, and with the chief Coates, is making an inspection of the various buildings where public gatherings are held. He has visited the theatres, the auditorium, the temporary high school building and will continue the inspection throughout the city. He will recommend some improvements in most of the buildings that have already been visited.

DAUGHTER

Of Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Cole man Claimed by Death.

Ethel Leone, the 10 month's old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Cole man, of 766 Belcourt Avenue died yesterday afternoon from pneumonia after one week's illness. The funeral will be held from the east Elm street church at 1:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

The Woman's Home Missionary Society of Trinity M. E. church, will hold its regular monthly meeting with Mrs. F. G. Borges, 603 west Spring street, on Wednesday, Jan. 20th, at 7:30 p.m.

MRS. MILLER, Secy.

ESTIMATES

Put Two Propositions Out of Commission.

The Lost Creek and Fetter Farm Reservoir Sites Cannot Be Considered.

Last evening, Chief Engineer R. H. Gamble submitted to the Board of Public Service his estimates on the cost of the construction and equipment of the proposed water works reservoir and pumping stations, at both the Lost Creek and Fetter farm sites, and as the cost of either goes far above the appropriation authorized, there seems to be little prospect of either site ever being adopted.

The engineer estimates the cost of reservoir construction and a steam pumping plant at the Lost Creek site at \$168,135 and with an electric plant at \$159,338. The Fetter farm site with steam plant would cost \$217,495, and with an electric plant, would cost \$212,295.

ELLEN

Considered an Offer of Money

For His Vote

As a Good Joke, But Would

Not Swear That He So Thought of Effort to Bribe Him.

He Only Yielded to the Jokers Influence After Twice Being Approached, and Then Only Got \$200.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Jan. 19.—Ex Alderman Jacob Ellen, on the trial for alleged accepting of a bribe to aid the Lake Michigan water deal in the council took the stand again in his own behalf today. He admitted that he talked with Alderman Schriver on the subject after the call to investigate the deal, and said he told Schriver he expected to see the whole deal exposed, although he did not say that he was afraid it would be, as Schriver stated. Ellen stated that Salsbury, about a week before his re-election as city attorney approached him and sought his vote, telling him that he would give him a second \$200 for his support. This second offer Ellen declared he twice refused.

He stated that he never talked with Salsbury about the way he would testify before the grand jury, that he never concluded to vote for the water deal and that he did not accept the \$200 with corrupt intent.

The prosecutor asked Ellen if he thought it was right for a man to go around offering aldermen \$200 to vote for a measure before the council.

"Oh, I just considered the proposition of Schriver as a joke," answered witness.

"Do you want to swear that you considered an offer of \$200 for your vote as a joke?"

The witness hesitated and finally admitted that it was not exactly a joke.

BOWLING FOR LADIES ONLY, THURSDAY AFTERNOON FROM 1 TO 5 P.M. AT THE NEW BOWLING ALLEYS.

The friends of W. A. Brundage will be pleased of the success he is having in the gospel meetings at the First Church at Flushing. The meeting is one week old, and twenty-three have taken a stand for Christ.

MARKETS.

New York, Jan. 19.—Yesterday's movement continued into the opening dealings today, and there was active and varied demand throughout the list. There were no gains in excess of a small fraction except for an advance of point in Pittsburgh, C. C. & St. L. Wisconsin Cent. pfld. lost 1 1/8.

Live Stock.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Cattle, received 6,000. Market steady; good to prime steers \$5.15@\$5.70; poor to medium \$3.50@\$4.35; stockers and feeders \$2.25@\$4.15; cows and heifers \$2.50@\$3; calves \$1.50@\$3.10; bulls \$2@\$1.15; calves \$2@\$6.25.

Hogs, receipts today 28,000; tomorrow 45,000. Market strong to 5 cents higher. Mixed and butchers \$4.75@\$5; good to choice heavy \$4.90@\$5.10; rough heavy \$4.75@\$4.95; light \$4.50@\$4.00; bulk of sales \$4.75@\$4.90.

Sheep, receipts 16,000; market slow. Lambs steady; good to choice weight \$4@\$4.10; fair to choice mixed \$4@\$3.75; native lambs \$4.50@\$4.65.

The easiest way to prepare a quick breakfast is to use Mrs. Austin's pancake flour.

CHIEF

Mill's Makes Annual Report

For Year 1903.

Good Work Was Done By Police.

He Makes Recommendation That Force Should Be Increased for Efficiency.

Summary Shows That Lima Is Comparatively Free From Crime, and Her Officers In Touch With the World.

CHIEF—

Following is the annual report of the Lima police department which has been compiled by Chief Mills and Captain Wingate and submitted to the board of public safety:

To the Honorable, the Board of Public Safety:

Gentlemen:—I herewith submit for your consideration and approval, my third annual report of the department of police of the city of Lima, Ohio.

This being my first report submitted since the formation of your honorable body, under the provisions of the municipal code of Ohio, it is sincerely hoped that this will prove both satisfactory and complete.

This report contains a tabulated statement of the work done by this department during year ending December 31st, 1903.

The efficiency of the force may best be judged by the result of the work accomplished. The policy of the board of public safety, the advice of the mayor, and the discipline maintained within the force have all combined to make the work for the past year very satisfactory.

We have endeavored so far as lay in our power, to enforce the ordinances of the city and prosecute all violators of the laws of the state.

"Grafters," confidence-men, pickpockets, and crooks in general have made it understood that Lima is not an available place in which to practice their various callings, and it must be attributed to the vigilance of the police that we have in a measure, enjoyed immunity from crime which has been so prevalent in many other cities. It may be well to mention the fact that from this department letters have been sent to all village marshals in territory tributary to Lima, warning them that gaols of safe-blowers were operating in the smaller towns of Ohio and in adjoining states and at the same time offering suggestions in cases of similar trouble, and promising immediate assistance.

It is gratifying also to be able to state that we have established the most cordial relations with police authorities within our own and in adjoining states, by reciprocal work and thus by co-operation, have been enabled to make a very creditable showing in the apprehension of fugitives from justice.

Nineteen people wanted by this department have been arrested by the police of other cities and detained until an officer from this city arrived with the necessary papers. Thirty-two fugitives from other cities and states have been captured here and turned over to the proper authorities.

The amount of property stolen in the city has not reached the amount in value, of that of the previous year, and in most cases the property has been recovered and returned to the lawful owners. We have suffered very little from burglaries, committed in private residences, or stores, and in most cases the offenders have either been arrested or are under surveillance awaiting developments in the case reported.

Members of this department have in the past year, traveled nearly seven thousand miles in pursuit of criminals and in attending court in other communities and states. We have responded to no less than six thousand, five hundred telephone calls in the past year.

The numerical strength of the force is eighteen men, which is inadequate to protect life and property as it should be done, and to prove the correctness of the above, it is only necessary to state that each district has an average of eleven miles of streets as well as the same number of miles of alleys, and it is a physical impossibility for one officer to cover that amount of territory.

I most respectfully wish to call the attention of the board to the need of telephone boxes for the use of the department. Private phones are as a rule unsatisfactory, their use being to some extent, an imposition upon the owners, and after ten o'clock p.m. most business places are closed thus reducing the number of phones which are accessible to the police to such an extent as to make it impossible, in some parts of the city, for an officer to report, and at the same time give his

district the proper attention.

Our department, at this time, stands very much in need of a patrol wagon. Arrests are quite often made that are over one and one-half miles from the station as it often happens, the offender is in a half drunken state, liable to make use of profane and vulgar language in the presence of women and children, subjecting the officer to embarrassment and oftentimes to ridicule from bystanders. These disgusting scenes could all be averted by the use of a wagon.

We have received in the past year many calls for ambulance service to which we were unable to respond, not having the proper equipment.

In conclusion I wish to thank Captain Wingate and Detective Patton as well as every other member of the force, for the assistance I have received from each one and for their loyalty to duty, in the enforcement of the laws and the maintenance of good order.

Respectfully submitted,
WALTER S. MILLS,
Chief of Police.

Police Department of the City of Lima.
Walter S. Mills, Kemp, O., chief; appointed June, 1900.

J. F. Wingate, Lafayette, O.; captain, appointed June, 1892.

*Wm. Bacome, South Warsaw, O.; sergeant, appointed June, 1900. *2 years.

I. M. Armstrong, Rockford, O., 2nd sergeant, appointed June, 1899.

Hugh Patton, Delaware, O.; detective, appointed June, 1901. *6 years.

Wm. Jackson, Xenia, O., patrolman, appointed June, 1898. *4 years.

Phil. Neubrecht, Lima, O., patrolman, appointed June, 1899.

C. W. Fenstemaker, Leipsic, O., patrolman, appointed Jan., 1902.

Frank Grant, Celina, O., patrolman, appointed June, 1902. *4 years.

J. W. Ferguson, Ada, O., patrolman, appointed June, 1902.

C. E. Billstein, Celina, O., patrolman, appointed June, 1902.

Geo. Landfair, Ada, O., patrolman, appointed June, 1902.

A. A. Harrison, Celina, O., patrolman, appointed June, 1902.

M. Sullivan, Ireland, patrolman, appointed July, 1902. *2 years.

B. F. Grant, Mendon, O., patrolman, appointed July, 1903.

Daniel Kelly, Lima, O., patrolman, appointed July, 1903.

* Previous police service.

Districts, Numbers and Boundaries.

No. 1 District.—East of Main street and north of Wayne street, extending to both north and east corporation lines. This district, is patrolled by two officers, as three rail roads have their depots located in this territory.

No. 2 District.—South of Wayne street, north of High street, and from Main street to the east corporation line. Patrolled by one officer.

No. 3 District.—South of High street, north of Elm street and east of Main street, to the corporation line. Patrolled by one officer.

No. 4 District.—All the territory north of Wayne street and west of Main street to the corporation line. Patrolled by one officer.

No. 5 District.—South of Wayne street, north of High street, west of Main street to the corporation line. Patrolled by one officer.

No. 6 District.—South of High street, north of the Ottawa river, west of Main street to the corporation line. Patrolled by one officer.

No. 7 District.—All of the territory between the Ottawa river to Kirby street, and extending both east and west of Main street to the corporation line. Patrolled by one officer.

No. 8 District.—All the territory south of Kirby street. Patrolled by two officers. Two railroads have depots and yards within this territory.

Report of Police Fund For Year 1903.

Receipts and Credits:

Cash on hand Jan. 1, 1903..... \$ 672.05

Rec'd from tax levy..... 5,419.88

Rec'd from Dow tax..... 8,173.61

Rec'd from cigarette tax..... 50.91

Fines and costs from Mayor Robb..... 2,364.08

Fines and costs from Mayor Rogers..... 230.20

Outstanding orders canceled by bond issue..... 7,731.72

Outstanding orders canceled for unknown uncollected for

From bond sale to pay in on orders..... 260.23

Orders outstanding Jan. 1, '04..... 11.00

Total receipts and credits \$24,388.92

Expenditures and Debits:

Orders outstanding Jan. 1, '04 \$ 8,182.62

Paid regular patrolman sal's 12,320.86

Special police..... 372.00

Columbus work house, caring for prisoners..... 258.50

Columbus work house ex pense taking prisoners.... 255.95

Janitor..... 40.00

Suspense of prisoners.... 14.35

CANADIAN INDIANS.

An Old Trader gives Evidence to Their Luring Hobbies.

Says a man who has had some twenty years of experience in trading with Canadian Indians, "In all my woods life I have never known but one Indian here." A cache, or provision station, is left unattended with perfect safety, for on the entirety of its stock may depend the life of many a man.

He who leaves provisions must find them on his return, for he may reach them starving, and the length of his out journey may depend on his certainty of safety at this point on his in journey. So men passing teach not his hoard, for some day they may be in the same case.

"One comes unexpectedly upon a birch hanging from a tree limb," says the old trader, "or a whole bunch of snowshoes depending beneath the boughs of a spruce or a tangle of steel traps thrust into the crevices of a tree root or a supply of pork and flour swathed like an Egyptian mummy lying in state on a high bier. These things we have passed as reverently as symbols of a people's trust in its kind."

The same sort of honesty holds in regard to smaller things. I have never hesitated to leave in my camp firearms, fishing rods, utensils valuable from a woods point of view, even a watch or money. Not only have I never lost anything in that manner, but once an Indian had followed me some miles after the morning's start to restore to me half a dozen trout that I had accidentally left behind."

Origin of a Holiday.

The second week in August, if not one of great historical importance in old Amsterdam, is certainly one of martyrdom for the nervous and sensitive. An ancient custom prevails according to which the juveniles of the town are allowed to beat their drums for several hours during a whole week while parading the exchange. The story goes that about 200 years ago a plot was formed to blow up the exchange, but a small boy, happening to let his ball roll under the ruined foundation of the building, discovered the barrels of powder which were to do the wrecking. So it was decided to reward the lad, and, on his being asked what he would like, the urchin said that he wished to be allowed to play at soldiers with his companions round the building, all being armed with drums and to make as much noise as they liked during several hours of the day for one week every year. This custom is kept up, and, as all manner of instruments are called upon to represent a drum, the kettles and saucers lids not excepted, the din is something to be remembered.

Redundant.

Joseph was an excellent cook, but he was not what might be called an accomplished literary man. At the same time he conceived the idea that a cookery book from his pen would fill a long felt want. He set to work; but, fearing that perhaps he had made some mistakes in composition, he submitted the work to a prominent literary critic who promised to go through the work and correct it where necessary.

After a day or two he brought it back. "Yes," he said, "it's all right so far as I can see, but I rather fancy you've been a little superfluous in your recipe for lemon pudding."

Here is? How's that?

"Well, you see, you say here, 'Then sit on a hot stove and stir constantly.' Now, I really do not see how any one is going to sit on a hot stove without stirring constantly, so I think you can do without that sentence, don't you know?"

Hugo and His Disciple.

A young man, an admirer of the great poet, attended one of Victor Hugo's receptions, because engaged in an argument and lost his temper. Hugo so kindly rebuked him, and he subsided. Presently the guests retired. One of them, however, had forgotten his umbrella and returned to get it. Looking through an open door from the vestibule, he perceived the young man on his knees before the poet, sobbing out his apologies for his disrespect, while Victor Hugo, with almost regal dignity, extended his hand to him and bade him rise.

Solid Virtue.

Tooth has its own criteria by which to judge things which its elders assess by other standards. Henry had just come into his mother's kitchen, where she was rolling pie crust.

"Making pies, mother?"

"Yes, dear."

"Say, mother, your pies taste all right, but why don't you make some like Mrs. Thompson gives me and Bill? You can take a piece in your hand and walk all round the yard eating it, and it won't break."

Bridal Customs In Spain.

In Spain a bride has no girl attendants to stand at the altar with her, but instead a "madrina," or godmother, neither does she have a wedding cake or any festive going away after the ceremony. The wedding pair depart quietly to their new home, where they remain until the following day, when they start on their honeymoon. Before departing they pay a formal visit to their respective relatives.

His Troubles.

"Have any buzzing in your ears?" asked the doctor, who was trying to diagnose the case.

"No," replied Mr. Henpeck, "not except when I have to stay in the house."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Family Diplomacy.

"I turn all my bills over to my wife. Does she have the money?"

"No, the nerve!"—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

A man is usually dissatisfied with his taxes as he is with the governor of the state in which he lives, and the mayor of his town.

A MARVEL OF THE MAILED.

Great Distances That Letters Travel at Small Expense.

If a man should start from New York and travel northward to Alaska, then down the coast to California and take ship to Manila and follow the lines of travel to Hongkong, to Singapore, to Canton, to Tokyo, to Vladivostok, to St. Petersburg, to Vienna, to London, to South Africa and finally to South America, touching on the way at several Pacific and South Atlantic Islands and thence back to his starting point, he could travel a distance several times greater than the circumference of the globe. If he ordered his mail forwarded to him and left correct address, several at each place the letters would dutifully follow him and finally be delivered to him in New York a few days after his own arrival there.

All that he would have to pay extra for this remarkable journey of his mail would be a dollar or two in tolls, which would represent the charges for forwarding exacted by some of the countries through which it passed. There are in the post office department at Washington the envelope of a letter which traveled in this way 150,000 miles and another which came safely through a trip of 125,000 miles.—St. Nicholas.

A Case of Kidnapping.

The pretty lady had fallen asleep in her parlor-chamber in front of her father's house on a fashionable street. The nurse was nowhere to be seen. A shabbily dressed man, clad in black, looked at all the windows and saw that the blinds were drawn. It was the afternoon hour, when wealthy New York likes to drive in the park.

"Ah!" he exclaimed as he crept stealthily toward the sleeping child. "If I can only catch her before she wakes—so pretty, so peaceful! I know her father will be only too glad to pay my price!"

In two seconds he stood before the baby carriage, drew a black box from beneath his coat and snapped a rubber bulb directly in the baby's face. Then he put the black box beneath his coat and walked away with a smile of supreme satisfaction.

"Gee!" he exclaimed. "Such luck! Daddy will pay \$3 for a dozen of those photographs; sure thing!"—New York Times.

Oliver Cromwell.

Newburg priory claims the distinction of sheltering the remains of Oliver Cromwell. After the protector's death on his lucky day, Sept. 3, his body was embalmed and, after lying in state for some time, was interred with royal pomp in Westminster abbey. After the restoration the body, along with those of Ireton and Bradshaw, was exhumed and hanged on the gibbet at Tyburn. The heads, so the story goes, were struck off and placed on the top of Westminster hall, while the bodies were buried beneath the gallows. On the other hand, it is said that another body was substituted for that of Cromwell and that the protector was buried secretly on the Hambleton hills. At all events, there is a narrow room, one end of which is occupied by a mass of stone-work built into the wall. Here, it is said, the remains of Oliver Cromwell rest.

The Lead Pencil.

The name lead pencil is a misnomer made correct by custom. The so called leads of a pencil are in reality a mixture of graphite and clay. Graphite is a word derived from the Greek, meaning "to write." It is a native mineral carbon of black color and brilliant metallic luster. To the touch it feels smooth, somewhat like soapstone, and it breaks in a very friable manner under a very light blow. It is so soft it will leave a trace on paper. It sometimes called plumbago and has still another name—black lead—from which, of course, we get the name lead pencil. Graphite is found in the oldest rock formations, and deposits are to be found in various parts of the world, the most famous being those at Alat, in Siberia, and at Ticonderoga, N. Y., in this country.

The Postman's Knock.

The British postal service may be slower than the American, but it has its humors. The story is told that in one of the remotest districts of Oxfordshire—which contains some inaccessible and primitive villages—there has long been a postmaster with a wooden leg. In performing his delivery of letters he drove a donkey cart. But he found it difficult to get up and down. So it has been his custom to take with him a tin bucket full of large stones. These he buried one by one with steady aim at the doors of his neighbors as occasion demanded. That was the postman's knock.

A Fair Question.

A hypochondriac who visited Sir Conon Doyle in the days when he was a practicing physician complained of "a very bad side." He told his story in great detail, says the London Chronicle. He put his hand above his waist line and said:

"I get a sharp pain here, doctor, whenever I touch my head."

"Why on earth, then, do you touch your head?" Dr. Doyle asked mildly, but dryly.

Keeping Her Away.

Photographer—Don't assume such a fierce expression. Look pleasant.

Murphy—Not on your life! My wife is going to send one of those pictures to her mother, and if I look pleasant she'll come down on a visit.—Kansas City Independent.

When a woman's hands keep at work while she talks, she may be telling of a neighbor's wrongs; when she relates her own, her work drops.

LET THE YAWN COME.

A Good One Is a Splendid Thing for the Whole Body.

A good, wide-open mouthed yawn is a splendid thing for the whole body. A yawn is nature's demand for rest. Some people think that only yawn because they are sleepy. But this is not so.

You yawn because you are tired. You may be sleepy also, but that is not the real cause of your yawning. You are sleepy because you are tired, and you yawn because you are tired.

Whenever you feel like yawning just wait. Don't try to suppress it because you think it is impolite to yawn. Put your hand over your mouth if you want to, but let the yawn come. And when you are where you can stretch at the same time that you yawn just stretch and yawn. This is nature's way of stretching and relaxing the muscles.

Don't be afraid to open your mouth wide and yawn and stretch whenever you feel like it. Indeed, if you are very tired, but do not feel like yawning, there is nothing that will rest you so quickly as to sit on a straight back chair and, lifting your feet from the floor, push them out in front of you as far as possible, stretch the arms, put the head back, open the mouth wide and make yourself yawn.

Those tense nerves will relax, the contracted muscles will stretch and the whole body will be rested. Do this two or three times when you are tired, and see what it will do for you.

Origin of the Bowery.

Even many native New Yorkers do not know how the Bowery came by its name, according to the Pittsburgh Dispatch, which thus proceeds to their enlightenment: No less a person than the famous old one-legged Governor Peter Stuyvesant was responsible for it.

When the city of New Amsterdam sprang into existence many farmers from Holland came over to seek their fortune in the new world, among them old Peter. They settled outside the town and proceeded to develop the land by clearing away the woods and planting it with grain, fruit trees and ornamental shrubs that had brought with them. Peter Stuyvesant called his residence and grounds the Bowery and the lane connecting it with New Amsterdam became known as Bowery lane, the settlement itself taking the name of Bowery village.

Stuyvesant's farm extended from the junction of what is now Third and Fourth avenues to Seventeenth street and eastward to Second avenue, where at the corner of Tenth street his home was located.

Laugh and Grow Fat.

"Laugh and grow fat" is an old saying, and there is more than a little truth in it, asserts a doctor. The convulsive movements which we call laughter exert a very real effect upon the bodily framework. They cause the arteries to dilate, so that they carry more blood to the tissues of the body and the heart to beat more rapidly, so that the flow of the blood through the vessels is hastened. In other words, laughter promotes the very best conditions for an increase of the vital processes; the tissues take up more nutritive material and the waste products are more promptly removed. A good laugh sends an increased flow of blood to the brain; this immediately causes that instrument of thought to work better, with the result that gloomy forebodings are sent packing."

Words and Ideas.

Definite words are necessary for the expression of definite ideas; hence scientific terms have to be employed. A term has one definite meaning which does not change with time. The rush of affairs drifts words from their original meanings, as ships drag their anchors in a gale, but terms sheltered from common use hold to their moorings forever. The word "let," for example, has drifted in 200 years from meaning "bind" until now it means "permit," but the term "bisect" has remained unaltered in significance for centuries.—Engineering Record.

Children and Play.

Play distinguishes the higher from the lower animals, and it signifies possibility of education. Fishes do not play at all, the lower mammals can hardly be taught to play, and birds are entirely devoid of the instinct. But the kitten and the lamb are essentially playing animals. The human young, however, are the true players and in reality it is play that develops them to manhood. "Children," says Dr. Hutchinson, "are born little amorphous bundles of possibilities and are played into shape."

A Doubtful Prospect.

"Dat wuz mighty poor comfort dey give Br'er Thomas on his sick bed," said Brother Dickey.

"What dey tell him?"

"Preacher tol' him dey wuz a bright prospect ahead of him."

"En what he say ter dat?"

"To'l 'em dat wuz waz-a-worryin' er blu—it wuz so bright it wuz blazin'!"—Atlanta Constitution.

Easy.

In the temporary absence of the beauty editor this question was handled by mistake to the sporting editor:

"How shall one get rid of superstitious hairs on the upper lip?"

"That's easy," he wrote in reply.

"Push the young man away."—Chicago Tribune.

That Was All.

Mr. McCorkle—This state you speak of was an equestrian one, was it?

Mrs. McCorkle—No; it was just a man on horseback.—Detroit Free Press.

Not to Be Mastered.

W.—They tell me, professor, that you have mastered all the modern tongues.

Professor—All but two—my wife's and her mother's!

It is getting easier to deceive.

A number of years ago, no woman ever

expected to act a "perfect match" in false hair; now it is possible,

MORGAN

Voted Against Treaty in Committee.

Senator Cullom Will Report It Favorably to Senate.

Three Amendments Tacked to It They Relate to Sanitation, Limitation of Cities, and Give Control of Harbors.

Washington, Jan. 19.—The senate committee on foreign relations has directed Senator Cullom, to report the Panama treaty with three amendments. The republican members vote for the treaty. But two democrats—Morgan and Monteay—were present. The former voted against the treaty, and Mr. Monteay stated that he had not yet had time to consider it, as it was the first meeting of the committee he had been able to attend.

The three amendments relate to Sanitation, and limitation of cities. The amendment concerning the limitation of cities more specifically defines what are the limits of Panama and Colou in relation to the canal zone. The harbor amendment gives the U. S. control of the harbors for the purpose of improvements.

COINS WHICH HAD THEIR DAY.

Recent mention of the disappearance of the \$2.50 gold piece from circulation and the premium this coin commands as a curio, have set many to rummaging in old pocketbooks and the bottoms of cash boxes and drawers in search of odd or out-of-date coins. Some have found a \$2.50 piece, but not many. The \$3 piece, once quite common, but always a sort of curiosity, is often found, and many have specimens of the little gold coins representing 25 cents and 50 cents each, which were not minted by the government, and probably have not so much gold in them as they represent. They used to pass as coin, but were never in general circulation, being so easily lost that they soon became scarce. One of the handsomest coin relics seen is a \$10 gold piece bearing the mint stamp of 1799. It is larger than the present \$10 gold piece. The owner says he has received an offer of \$150 for this relic. The old octagonal \$50 pieces were quite common in California in early days, when gold dust was largely used as a circulating medium. They were made of pure gold, and, while they were not minted by the government, and probably have not so much gold in them as they represent. They used to pass as coin, but were never in general circulation, being so easily lost that they soon became scarce. One of the handsomest coin relics seen is a \$10 gold piece bearing the mint stamp of 1799. It is larger than the present \$10 gold piece. The owner says he has received an offer of \$150 for this relic.

The frog kindly complied with the request, and presently the discarded skin lay stretched along the ground.

"Now," observed the frog, "I suppose you will do with that as I do with my case-off garments—eat it."

"No," said the snake, "There is something better in sight."

Thereupon he ate the frog.

The moral of this, my dears, is that

there is more than one kind of skin game, and some kinds are meaner than others.—Chicago Tribune.

A FABLE ON GRATITUDE.

The snake was trying to shed its skin.

"Help me off with this, will you?"

he said to a frog that happened to be passing.

The frog kindly complied with the request, and presently the discarded skin lay stretched along the ground.

FACTS

About Condition In Hawaii
Show a Steady Decrease In Number Of Natives.

Sugar of Course Continues to Be the Principal Crop of Islands.

Commerce of Fertile Land in 1903 Is Given at 26 Millions Dollars of Export, 14 Millions of Import.

Some interesting facts about present conditions in Hawaii are presented by the department of commerce and labor through its bureau of statistics. These facts reached that bureau in the Hawaiian Annual for 1904, which arrived on the opening day of the new year.

Regarding population, the figures show a steady decrease in the number of natives and a steady increase in the number of persons of foreign birth, especially Japanese and Chinese. In 1872 the number of natives was, in round terms, 50,000, and in 1900, 30,000. In 1872, the number of Chinese was in round terms, 2,000, and in 1900, 25,000. The record of Japanese among the population only begins with 1884, when the number was 116 persons, but in 1900, the number was over 61,000. The total population of 1872 is given at 56,891, and in 1900, at 154,801. The relation of nationality to plantation labor is indicated by a table which shows the nationality and number of sugar plantation laborers, the number of Japanese being 31,029 out of a total of all nationalities of 42,242, these figures being for the year 1902. The Japanese plantation laborers increased from 13,884 in 1894 to 31,028 in 1902; while the Chinese laborers on sugar plantations fell in number from 8,114 in 1897 to 3,837 in 1902. Portuguese are next in rank in the number of sugar plantation laborers, the number of Portuguese being 2,689, the next following this is Porto Rico, 2,636, while native Hawaiians are only 1,483 in number.

Sugar, of course, continues to be the principal crop of Hawaii, though a number of other tropical products are now receiving careful attention, including coffee, tobacco, sisal fiber, manila hemp, vanilla beans, and pineapples. The experiments with sisal grass began within the past two years, have given great encouragement and lead those engaged in the experiments to the belief that Hawaii may become an extensive producer of that valuable fiber, of which the importations into the United States amount to more than \$13,000,000 per annum in value and are steadily increasing. The Hawaiian Fiber Co. reports one of its first crop an exportation of about \$8,000 in value of sisal in the year 1903, this product being obtained from an area of about 120 acres. While no recent experiments have been made with manila hemp, the report states that samples of the plant from which manila hemp is produced, introduced several years ago in various parts of the Hawaiian Islands, justify by their present condition the belief that the Hawaiian Islands may become producers of manila hemp as well as sisal.

WANTED—GIRLS TO LEARN THE CIGAR MAKING TRADE, WILL BE WELL PAID WHILE LEARNING. TOBACCO STRIPPERS ALSO WANTED, CAN EARN GOOD WAGES. THE DEISEL-WEMMER CO.

Tried to Please. Representative Dougherty, of Missouri has a sheriff in one of the counties of his district named "Jack" Steele who is somewhat of a joker.

At a recent session of court, Steele summoned a panel of jurors and picked out the fattest men he could get.

After the first case they were hearing was well under way Steele took the jury to a local hotel and fed them liberally on cabbage, buttermilk and other sleep-inducing viands. The result was that every juror went to sleep that afternoon, and most of them snored, to the great discomfort of the Judge.

"Mr. Sheriff," the judge said, after the jury had been awakened, "I will not submit to such outrages as this. Next time you summon a jury, I want you to pick out men not for their birth, but with a single eye to justice."

Steele obeyed. Every man on the next panel was one-eyed.—Saturday Evening Post.

STOP IT. A neglected cough or cold may lead to serious bronchial or lung troubles. Don't take chances when Foley's Honey and Tar affords perfect security from serious effects of a cold. For sale by H. F. Vortkamp, corner North and Main street.

Wm. M. Motville, Special Agent.

production since annexation, has been very rapid, and the annual crop has ranged very high, the total value of sugar exported from the Hawaiian Islands in the five years since annexation, 1899-1903, was, in round figures, \$112,000,000; in the preceding five years, 1894-1898, \$63,000,000, and in the five years 1889-1893, \$19,000,000.

Another especially interesting fact developed in connection with the sugar production of the Hawaiian Islands is that in recent years large tracts of land, formerly considered valueless, have been brought into cultivation by irrigation and made even more productive than that upon which sugar was produced without irrigation.

Nearly one-half of the area now devoted to sugar in the Hawaiian Islands is irrigated, and more than one-half of the sugar produced is grown upon irrigated lands, the average production per acre on irrigated land being more than twice as great as that upon land which depends solely upon the rainfall.

The commerce of the Hawaiian Islands for 1903 is given at 26 million dollars of exports and 14 millions of imports. Of the imports, over 10 million dollars is stated as from the United States, half a million from Great Britain, three-fourths of a million from British colonies, and nearly a million from Japan. Of the exports, practically all are to the United States. The larger items of imports are breadstuffs, nearly a million and a half dollars in value; cotton manufactures, about one million dollars in value; iron and steel manufactures, also about one million dollars, in round terms; mineral oils, over a half million; provisions, about a half million dollars; tobacco, \$500,000; lumber, \$500,000, and wines, malt liquors, and spirits nearly a half million dollars.

The following table shows the production of sugar in the Hawaiian Islands from 1875, the year preceding the reciprocity treaty, to 1903:

Year	Pounds.	Value.
1875	26,080,183	\$ 1,316,338
1876	26,072,129	1,272,334
1877	25,575,965	1,777,520
1878	38,431,455	2,701,731
1879	49,020,972	3,109,563
1880	63,584,871	4,322,711
1881	93,789,483	5,395,399
1882	114,177,938	6,320,890
1883	114,107,115	7,112,981
1884	142,654,928	7,328,896
1885	171,250,314	8,356,061
1886	216,223,615	9,775,132
1887	212,763,647	8,694,964
1888	235,588,346	10,818,883
1889	242,165,835	14,089,302
1890	259,789,462	12,159,585
1891	274,983,580	9,550,537
1892	283,636,615	7,276,914
1893	320,822,875	10,200,958
1894	306,694,993	8,473,009
1895	294,531,173	7,975,599
1896	443,568,282	14,932,172
1897	520,158,232	15,390,422
1898	444,963,056	16,614,822
1899	545,270,537	21,898,190
1900	344,531,173	13,919,400
1901	620,882,182	27,094,155
1902	720,553,357	23,920,113
1903	774,625,420	25,310,684

(a) Five and one-half months to June 13.

(b) Twelve and one-half months, June 14, 1900, to June 30, 1901.

Fatal kidney and bladder troubles can always be prevented by the use of Foley's Kidney Cure. For sale by H. F. Vortkamp, corner North and Main streets.

ASSOCIATED CHARITIES.

The Associated Charities will meet at the school board rooms, No. 10, Holmes block, Wednesday evening, January 20th, at half past seven o'clock. A full attendance is desired as there is important business to transact. All having bills against the association, will send them to Miss Ray Hefner, secretary, 134 west High street.

Another valuable production of the far East introduced experimentally, is Sumatra tobacco, and the experiments thus far indicate that its cultivation in the Hawaiian Islands may prove extremely successful. Vanilla beans also recently introduced, give encouraging results and indicate returns of from \$1,000 to \$6,000 per acre from their cultivation. Coffee production, while adversely affected in recent years by the low prices prevailing in the world's markets, has developed to such an extent as to give an increase in exports, the total exports being, in 1903, \$52,000 pounds against \$51,000 pounds in 1901. It may be added that the importation to the United States of sisal and manila fiber amounted in 1903, to over \$25,000,000 in value; of Sumatra to over \$4,000,000; of vanilla beans, over \$1,000,000, and of coffee, \$6,000,000.

Sugar continues to be the largest production of the Islands and the crop of 1903 is the largest ever produced, aggregating 775,000,000 pounds against 330,000,000 pounds in 1893, 114,000,000 pounds in 1883, and 25,000,000 pounds in 1875. The growth of sugar production in the Hawaiian Islands from the date of the reciprocity treaty in 1876 has been rapid, but the greatest growth has occurred in more recent years. The total sugar production of the Islands in 1875, the year prior to the reciprocity treaty, was, in round terms, 25,000,000 pounds, by 1880 it was 63,000,000 pounds, in 1890 it amounted to 260,000,000 pounds and in 1903, is above indicated, 774,625,420. The development of sugar

RAINI CATS AND DOGS.**Various Explanations of the Origin of This Expression.**

Many explanations have been given of the origin of the expression "rain cats and dogs." One is that it is a translation of the French "catahoupe," a waterfowl—"it is raining a catahoupe," or catahoupe. Another explanation is that the male blossoms of the willow tree, which are used on Palm Sunday to represent the branches of palm, were called "cats and dogs" in some parts of England, where they increase rapidly after a few warm April showers, and the belief prevailed that the rain brought them.

Others trace the saying to northern mythology, in which the cat is said to have great influence on the weather, and sailors still have a saying, "The cat has a gale of wind in her tail," when she is unusually frisky. Witchets that rode upon the storms were said to assume the form of cats, and the stormy northwest wind is called "the cat's nose" in the Dart mountains even at the present day. Then the dog is a symbol of wind, which in old German pictures is figured as the head of a dog or wolf from which blasts issue.

The cat therefore symbolizes a downpour of rain; the dog, strong gusts of wind, which accompany it, and so a rain "of cats and dogs" is a heavy rain with wind.

Evolution of the Bayonet.

The swiney-feather (hog's bristle), which seems to have been the original prototype of the bayonet, was a long rapier blade, fixed in a handle and carried in a sheath, which was given to a musketeer for defense after he had discharged his piece. Stuck by its handle in the muzzle of his gun, it constituted a very efficient weapon for acting against pikemen. To diminish his embrasure the swiney-feather and musket rest were combined, the latter forming a sheath for the former, in the reign of James I.

Toward the latter part of the civil war the use of the musket rest was abandoned, and it became the practice to stick the dagger by its handle into the muzzle of the piece after discharging it.

In 1880 two rings were added by which the bayonet was placed on the muzzle without interfering with the firing. This improvement, the invention of General Mackay, an English officer, was introduced into the French army by Vauban in 1703. By the English themselves it was not adopted until after the battle of Fontenoy (1745), when the advantages its use conferred on the French were only too painfully manifest, the Duke of Cumberland's army being defeated with the loss of 15,000 men.—Pearson's Weekly.

His Own Manuscript.

George Ade, in the early days of his career, before the "Fables in Slang" had brought him fame, called one morning in Chicago upon a Sunday editor on a mission from a theatrical manager.

"I have brought you this manuscript!" he began, but the editor, looking up at the tall, timid youth, interrupted:

Rev. C. H. Eckhardt, of Lima visited among some of his parishioners in Shawnee, one day last week.

Stakes are set for another well on the J. I. Hall farm.

The Mansfield Oil Co.'s No. 4 on the Frank Mohler farm, has been drilled into the sand and is showing for a fair producer.

The trust officer reports that there is but little for him to do this winter as the teachers all report a good attendance daily.

David Hover is on the sick list, and is under the care of a physician.

Lorenzo Siford, who was shot in the leg, Thanksgiving day, has sufficiently recovered to be able to walk about the house and will, in all probabilities be able to be about the premises in a couple of weeks.

Clinton and Alta Strawbridge attended the surprise on their college chum, Miss Edith Fetter, at Lima, Friday evening.

A large party of Shawneetites attended the meeting at Ft. Amanda, last Saturday evening.

Frances Merkle, of Cridersville, spent Saturday with Ed. Fry.

Wm. Rusler is unable to be about, the result of an attack of rheumatism.

Mrs. Margaret Zerkle, of near Buckland, spent Thursday, with Shawnee relatives.

Harry McCoy made a business trip to Indianapolis, Friday afternoon.

Johnathan Hubbard spent a part of last week at Celina, with relatives.

Robinson and Co., are drilling No. 2, on the Mrs. Amanda Reichelderfer farm, the location being just west of the intersection of the Wapakoneta road and the C. H. & D. railroad.

There is some talk of organizing a literary society in Shawnee yet this winter, as the Shawnee-Cridersville society has become a thing of the past.

On the 28th inst., Frank DeLong will offer for public sale his farming utensils, and other things too numerous to mention. Mr. DeLong expects to move to Cridersville in a few weeks, where he has purchased property. Mr. DeLong's influence as a well-to-do farmer and neighbor will be greatly missed in the community where he resides, and we are sorry to have him leave the community.

While playing about the house one day last week, Arnold, the four year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Washington Beeler, fell against a hot stove and was seriously burned.

You cannot accomplish a satisfactory cure without having a right understanding of the fundamental causes of the trouble.

You must kill the Dandruff Germ. Newbro's Herpicide does exactly what it is specially made to do that very thing.

When the germ is removed, the hair has no choke but to resume healthy growth and beauty.

"Destroy the cause, you remove the effect."

Sold by leading druggists. Send Joe, in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

Wm. M. Motville, Special Agent.

SOCIETY**That Is Doing Good Work In Shawnee Township.**

The Woman's Home Missionary Society, which was organized in Shawnee about a year ago, is doing good work, and is receiving due credit from the community in general for what it has accomplished. The regular time of meeting is on the first Thursday of each month. The last meeting was held at the home of Mrs. Harry McCoy, and at the next meeting, which will be held at the home of Mrs. Tom Broderick, February 4th, officers for the ensuing year will be elected.

Last week, the society presented to a former Methodist minister, of this place, Rev. Berry, a large amount of eatables of all sorts and descriptions, which proved a very acceptable gift. Another of the accomplishments of the society which is deserving of especial mention is the repapering and repairing of the Shawnee church, which was done recently. The total expense account amounted to more than a hundred dollars, which the society raised, a part of it being secured in husking corn, an account of which appeared in these columns at the time.

The present membership composing the society at this time, are: Mrs. Anne Zurmhely, Mrs. Alice Nye, Mrs. Alex LaCroix, Mrs. Margaret McCoy, Miss Anna Hover, Mrs. Harriett Reed, Mrs. Jennie Hover, Mrs. Lou Broderick, Mrs. Louise Sands, Miss Ethel Zurmhely, Miss Mahal Breese, Miss Alta Reed, Miss Delia Reed, Mrs. Hatte Hall, I. J. Hall, C. P. Langstaff, Mrs. Iva Langstaff, Miss Carrie Conner, Mrs. Farona Rusler, Miss Mayme Adgate, Mrs. Eva Seref, Mrs. Mary Meyers, Mrs. Dora Breese, Mrs. Delta Reed, Mrs. Abel Jones, Mrs. Ida McKay, Mrs. Myrtle Nye, Mrs. Mary Beeler, Mrs. Viola Long, Mrs. Mollie McCoy, Miss Zephia Reed, Miss Ethel Reed, Miss Tish Shull, Miss Flora Meyer, Mrs. Elizabeth Reed, Mrs. Margaret Reed, Mrs. Gertrude Zurmhely, Mrs. Iva Breese and Martha Fry. The present officers are: Mrs. Anne Zurmhely, president; Mrs. Alex LaCroix, vice president; Mrs. Jennie Hover, secretary; I. J. Hall, treasurer, and Miss Anna Hover, corresponding secretary.

J. A. Umbaugh, who has been seriously ill for several weeks, is improving as well as might be expected at this time.

Rev. C. H. Eckhardt, of Lima visited among some of his parishioners in Shawnee, one day last week.

Stakes are set for another well on the J. I. Hall farm.

The trust officer reports that there is but little for him to do this winter as the teachers all report a good attendance daily.

David Hover

LOW**Stage Of the Reservoir****voir****Cause Again****To Warn People Against Wartefulness.****Half of the Eight Foot Supply From the Rain Has Been Exhausted,****And the Practice of Letting the Water Run to Prevent Pipes From Freezing Must Be Stopped.****With only four feet and eleven inches of water in the reservoir and no indication of a thaw or falling weather it behoves the citizens of Lima to be a little careful in their use of it. It is not the desire to sound an alarm, but it is true, nevertheless that comparing the consumption with the supply, the former is so much greater that a fall of a foot a week is no exaggeration.****It must also be remembered that of the four feet and eleven inches, only about half of it is available, and yet in many of the homes and business houses, the secretary has information, the water is permitted to run all night to prevent freezing of the pipes, a practice that is wasteful and may be the direct cause of a famine too serious to be even contemplated. Secretary Fredericks learned yesterday that in one public place a sign had been posted above a lavatory, "Please do not turn off the water," and a steady stream was permitted to run night and day.****The last plentiful rain gave the reservoir a sounding of nearly eight feet and since then half of it has been consumed, so that one may get some idea of how rapidly a superfluous amount of water can be reduced to the minimum.****Engineer Dick Stone has been watching the meter at the Pennsylvania railroad and it shows that engines are taking water with as much freedom as ever in spite of a notice to the effect that the Lima supply at present would not permit of it. In the neighborhood of 160 trains passed through Lima on a single day, and****Loewenstein's****25****Per Cent****Discount****Sale****on Men's****Boys'****and****Children's****Suits****and****Overcoats****in****Full****Sway.****Leon****Loewenstein,****28 and 30****Public****Square.****every one of the engines loaded up at the west water plug.****NOTICE OF MEETING OF STOCK-HOLDERS.****Notice is hereby given that a meeting of stockholders of Lima Masonic Hall company will be held at the office of the company, fourth floor Masonic building, on the 2nd day of February, 1904, at 7:30 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of electing directors, receiving reports of officers and transacting such other business as may come before the meeting.****R. L. BATES.****jan-5-19-29-feb-1****Secretary.****CITY****Is Benefitted By the Removal****Of Coach Work****From the Shops of the L. E. & W.****Such Is the Report Made to the Council by the Solicitor.****Finds No Occasion for Alarm Upon the Part of the City and No Danger of Violation of Contract.****Following is the full text of the report that was submitted last night, by the city solicitor, in the matter of the removal of the coach repair works from the L. E. & W. shops:****Lima, Ohio, Jan. 18, 1904.****To the Honorable City Council of the City of Lima, Ohio.****Gentlemen:-****Two weeks ago, I was requested to make some investigation and report relative to the reported removal from this city, of a portion of the Lake Erie & Western Railway's shops, and in connection therewith the contract and agreement between the Lake Erie & Western Railway Co., and the city of Lima, Ohio. I have made an exhaustive investigation of all the contracts and agreements had, between the Lake Erie & Western Railway Co., and the city of Lima, and the agreement was in effect, made in the year 1880, that in consideration of the bonus donated to the company by the city, the Lake Erie & Western Railway Co., agreed to construct and forever maintain at the city of Lima, Ohio, its "sole construction and principal repair shops for its three hundred and sixty-five miles of tracks," such shops to be of the nature and dimensions shown by certain specifications which were a part of that contract. From my investigation of the contract and the specifications and agreement, I have to report that the contract has been fully and completely carried out by the Lake Erie & Western Railway Co. up to and including the present time. All the shops and buildings mentioned in the specifications and contract have been completed and maintained at this place, and that company does to day maintain in the city of Lima, its sole construction shops and its principal and almost sole repair shop, not only for the three hundred and sixty-five miles of track which then composed its entire system, but for the eight hundred miles which now comprise its trackage.****I further find upon investigation, and in making this investigation, I have not only gone through the documents and records, but have interviewed different officials of the company that there is no intention on the part of that company to remove any portion of the present established system of shops in this city to any other place. As I have said before, the Lake Erie & Western Railway Co. is at this time maintaining at this place a great deal more extensive system of construction and repair shops than its contract with the city would require it to do; of this the city is getting the benefit without having been put to any trouble or expense whatever. The officials of the Lake Erie & Western Railway Co., had contemplated removing a portion of their coach repair shop and it was this that was brought to the attention of the council and provoked this investigation. The fact is that while it is true that a portion of the coach repair shop is to be removed, it is done in order to make available a portion of the limited and valuable space which that company has under its control, and upon which will be erected additional machine shops which will employ a great many more men than would be employed by the department which is being removed.****I therefore submit to you for your consideration, the above report, and my suggestion would be that there is no occasion for alarm upon the part of the city or fear of there being any violation of this contract between it and the Lake Erie & Western Railway Co.****For the past twenty-four years, this contract has been fully and completely carried out on the part of the company to the great benefit and advantage of the city, and I do not find from my investigation, any evidence of any different intention upon the part of that company in the future.****Respectfully submitted,****H. O. BENTLEY,****Solicitor.****PERSONAL MENTION.****PROCEEDS****Of Sale Divided Among Those Interested.****Settlement was made following the sale of the lease in the case of Frank B. Craig vs the United Oil Producing Co., the property, having been passed on the last day of the previous term of court by Argue & Co.****The entry shows that there was a finding and decree in favor of Chas. H. Gifford, trustee. On motion, the judgment in favor of Main Bros. was opened up and corrected as to the amount. The receiver, Mr. Main, was allowed \$1,000 and his attorneys \$2,000. Distribution was made to Main Bros., on the mortgage of \$1,459.39, and to C. H. Gifford, trustee, \$1,096.11. The balance of the \$45,000 which the property sold for is held to await a further order of the court.****VISITED****A Hospitable Home in the Country.****W. F. Hoover, with his family, his employees of the furniture store, and several invited guests, enjoyed a sleigh ride to the home of his father-in-law, Salem Reed, of Shawnee township, last night. A delightful evening of cards, music and dancing, was spent, and the guests were regaled with an oyster supper before their departure. Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Edwards and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Scott, were of the party.****PERSONAL MENTION.****Mr. J. F. Boose, of 621 north Jefferson street, left today for Redlands, Cal., to visit his daughter, Mrs. E. O. Pike, and also his niece, Mrs. Chas. Nichols, of Long Beach, Cal. He expects to visit old Mexico and many places of interest before returning to Lima.****Miss Alice Caffrey, Anna Gallager, and Paul Gallager, of Lima, spent Sunday with relatives and friends in this city.—Sidney News.****Mrs. Anna Diamond, of Lima, spent Sunday with relatives in Sidney.—Sidney News.****Mrs. John Redrup, of south Jackson street, and Mrs. F. S. Ingleside, of west Market street, will go to Wanameta to attend the celebration, next Friday, of the 51st anniversary of their mother's birthday, which will be held at the home of her son, Mr. D. Shaw.****Mrs. Wm. R. Van Note, has returned from an extended visit in New York and Pennsylvania.****John H. Kenyon, of the south side, has been called to Toledo, on account of the death of his father, in that city.****Mr. John Biker, of north Jackson street, has returned from Jamestown, Ohio, where he attended the funeral of his niece, Mrs. Pearl McKibben.****TOWNSHIP TRUSTEES****WILL Meet at Lima, Monday, Jan. 25th.****There will be a meeting of the Allen County Association of Township Trustees at the infirmary director's office in the court house, on Monday, January 25th, 1904, at ten o'clock a.m. There is business of importance to be considered.****BEACH GRAHAM, Pres.****CHARLES E. JONES, Secy.****CLUB NOTICE.****The Sutorium is postponed until the time of the next regular meeting on account of the death of J. M. Seals.****MASQUERADE BALL.****Mr. Finley will give his annual masquerade ball at the auditorium, next Monday evening. A ten dollar prize will be given to the most graceful couple in dancing. Music by Frey's orchestra.****I. O. F. NOTICE.****All companions meet at Court Chambers prompt to attend the funeral of companion Coleman's child.****By order of****C. R. MAGGIE SHOOK.****MASONIC CLUB.****All Masons are invited to attend the "Smoke" to be given by members of the Masonic club, Wednesday evening.****C. F. DONZE, President.****WALLACE LANDIS, Secy.****TWO****Separate Suits for Damages****Are Docketed****On the Ground of False Accusation.****Liveryman J. C. Musser Who Filed Affidavit in the Mayor's Court****Is Sued by Bart Graham for \$5,000 and the Times-Democrat in Like Amount for Alleged Libel.****Two separate petitions were filed yesterday evening by Attorney J. D. Armstrong, representing Bart Graham, in which the plaintiff seeks to recover the sum of \$5,000 from J. C. Musser, the liveryman, for an alleged false and malicious prosecution; and from the Times-Democrat the same amount, because of the publication of the proceedings in the mayor's court, where the affidavit was filed charging Graham with the theft of a horse and buggy.****In the action against Mr. Musser the plaintiff says that the defendant, by his agent, J. M. Musser, falsely and maliciously wrote and published of plaintiff, in the form of an affidavit, filed before Theodore D. Robb, mayor of the city of Lima, Ohio, bearing the date of the 23rd day of December, 1903, in the words following, to-wit:****"The State of Ohio, Allen Co., ss: Mayor's court. Before me, Theodore D. Robb, mayor of the city of Lima, in said county, personally sworn, says that on or about the 15th day of December, 1903, at the county before said, one Bart Graham, then and there being, did unlawfully steal, take and carry away, one brown mare of the value of \$200, of the personal property of J. C. Musser, contrary to the statutes in such cases made and provided. J. M. Musser. Sworn and signed in my presence this 23rd day of December, 1903. Theo. D. Robb, mayor."****The defendant, meaning thereby that the plaintiff feloniously stole a horse of the defendant; that by reason of the premises the plaintiff was injured in his character and reputation and in his business as a contractor in the sum of \$5,000.****In his cause of action against the Times-Democrat the plaintiff says that the defendant being the publisher of a newspaper, published in the city of Lima, Ohio, called the Times-Democrat, a libel was on the 23rd day of December, 1903, published therein.****Plaintiff says that he is damaged thereby to the amount of \$5,000, for which he has a judgment.****Rigid Formality.****Mrs. Van Rensselaer Cruge tells****a story of a Washington hostess who invited an attache of one of the foreign legations to dine with her. The invitation was formally accepted, but on the morning of the appointed day, a note written by the foreigner's valet was received, which read:****"Mr. Blank regrets very much that he will not be able to be present at Mrs. Swift's dinner tonight, as he is dead."—Philadelphia Ledger.****Ask your grocer for Mrs. Austin's pancake flour. Fresh and delicious.****4-6****G. E. BLUENM.****55-57 Public Square.****G. E. BLUENM.****You Will Never Again Have Such Bargain Chances****Each day the future new home of the Bluem store is drawing nearer completion and then, almost before the good sensible people of this vicinity realize it, the greatest bargain sale ever inaugurated in Lima--The Bluem Removal Sale--will be at an end. Don't lose the golden opportunity to profit by the bargains at this sale for you will surely regret it.****"JUST A BITE AND A SIP"****daintily served at****Armour's Extract of Beef Demonstration.****No importuning to buy. A dainty luncheon with our compliments if you like the Beef Extract specify ARMOUR'S when you order from your grocer.****Third Floor—Take Elevator.****Skirt Specials.****A number of black dress skirts, several styles, each artistically trimmed and well finished. The regular price of these skirts is \$7.50 but they will go now for****\$3.98 each.****A \$6.00 Walking Skirt in black and colors; beautiful spring patterns, and an altogether charming garment, for****\$5.00.****Dress Skirts in black and colors; broadcloths, mohairs, cheviots and etamines, each reduced in price to about 1-3 less than the regular value.****G. E. BLUENM.****G. E. BLUENM.****Dry Goods,****Suit House.****55-57 Public Square.****PURPOSE****Is One That Should Concern Every****Instructor in Day as Well as in Sunday Schools.****Work Is Outgrowth of United Efforts on Part of Mothers Interested in Advancement of Children in Every Way.****An organization for a long time needed in Lima, was effected by Miss Ewell, state primary secretary, of Columbus, as a result of her lectures Sunday afternoon and evening. A number of mothers and teachers especially interested in primary work held a meeting at the Y. M. C. A. on Monday evening, and laid the foundations for an exceedingly valuable organization of mothers and primary teachers known as "the Primary and Junior Teacher's Union." Almost every other large city in the state of Ohio has had such an organization for some time.**